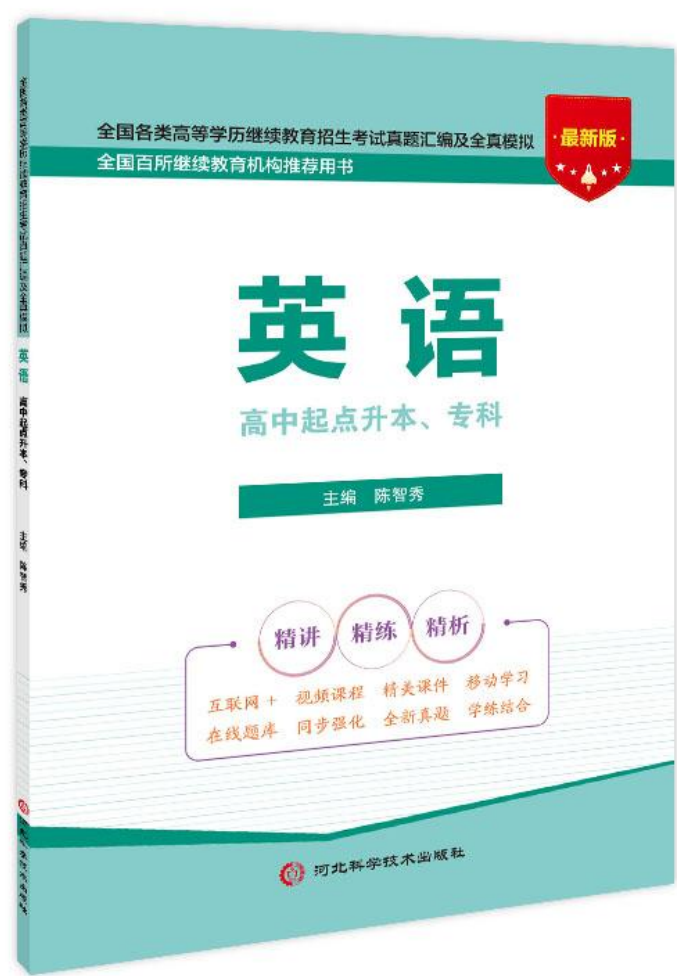


# 高等学历-英语（专）试卷



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# 英语

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河北科学技术出版社



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. 余應  
X 義  
＼網  
鑿卦

2022 年成人高等学校招生全国统一考试  
英语（高起点）试题

题号	一	二	三	四	五		总分	
题分	7.5	22. 5	30	45	15	30	核分人	
得分							复查人	

第一部分选择题（105 分）

得分评卷人  
----- 一、语音知识：共 5 小题；每题 1.5 分，共 7.5 分。

在下列每组单词中，有一个单词的画线部分与其他单词的画线部分的读音不同，找出这 一个词。

- (    )1. A. chair                      B. rich                      C. teacher                      D. headache
- (    )2. A. cut                      B. but                      C. student                      D. must
- (    )3. A. rise                      B. give                      C. life                      D. nice
- (    )4. A. are                      B. dare                      C. care                      D. share
- (    )5. A. bus                      B. desk                      C. fast                      D. easy

得分	评卷人

二、词汇与语法知识：共 15 小题；每题 1.5 分，共 22.5 分。

从每小题的四个选择项中，选出最佳的一项。

- )6.The house                      walls are made of glass looks beautiful.  
A. that    B. which  
C.who    D. whose
- )7.Hurry up,                      you will miss the train.  
A. then    B.and  
Cbut    D.or

- )8.The young man                      a large box went out of the bank.  
A. carried    B. carrying  
C. carries    D. carry
- )9.If he    ,he'll. be the first Englishman to get the prize in the past ten years.  
A. win    D.is winning  
C.wins
- )10. We should protect the Earth because it is                      home.  
A. us    B.our  
C.we    D.ours
- )11.This bus                      the children to and from their school every day.  
A. takes    D.has taken  
C.is taking
- )12.The bank finally agreed                      him \$ 5,000.  
A. lending    B. lends  
C.to lend    D.lent
- )13.She's far                      at English than her brother.  
A. better    B.well  
C.good    D.best
- )14.She    put the glasses on the ground.  
A. careful    B. carefully  
Gearing    D. cared
- )15.He always gets up early                      the morning.  
A. in    B.on  
C.at    D.to
- )16.It takes                      hour to reach the top of the mountain.  
A. a    B.an  
C.不填    D.the
- )17.Two bridges                      over the river five years ago.  
A. build    B. built  
C.were built    D.are built
- )18.The pain is so bad that she                      fall asleep at all.  
A. can't    B. mustn^t  
C▪ shouldn't    D. needn't

- ( )19. He \_\_\_\_\_ in London for almost 10 years.
- A. live B.is living  
Clives D.has lived
- ( )20,—\_\_\_\_\_ do you mean? you want to spend the weekend alone?
- Well,I haven't decided yet.
- A. Why B. How

三、完形填空：共 15 小题；每题 2 分，共 30 分。

得分	评卷人

C.What

D.Whom

通读下面的短文，掌握其大意。然后，从每小题的四个选择项中选出可填入相应空白处的  
最佳选项。

關 Last Thursday, Barbara Foster visited her favorite restaurant with her son to have a lunch K- and celebrate her 100<sup>th</sup> birthday.

When Foster 21 ,she was shocked to find the restaurant 22 balloons> flowers and

報 even a 23 cake on her regular table. Her friends and the restaurant s workers 24 駭 around her as she sat down.

; Foster and her son have been going to the restaurant together 25 about five or six  
: years. Lately,Foster's arthritis (关节 炎)has 26 it more difficult for her to get around> 27

they haven 't been there as often. But she makes the trip 28 she can.

"She gets around very well. She's got a great mind,"the restaurant' s waitress Jenny  
Miller,who 29 the surprise party, said. Over the years, Miller has become a great friend of  
the Fosters after their 30 visits and even calls Barbara"Mom".

Jimmy Powell? the general manager? said that he 31 to make Foster' s 100-year  
birthday extra special. Besides the cake, balloons, flowers and cards? the restaurant 32  
Foster one special gift: a lifetime 33 of free meals there.

: <sup>i</sup>I just can't get over this," Foster said as she smiled and 34 everyone around her.

: “This is so 35 .”

- ( )21. A. returned B. stood C. walked D. arrived
- ( )22. A. belonged to B. kept away C. filled with D. connected with
- ( )23. A. birthday B. wedding C. Christmas D. New Year
- ( )24. A. passed B. finished C. collected D. gathered
- ( )25. A. for B.off C. from D. with
- ( )26. A. let B. made C.seen D. ordered
- ( )27.A. so B. since C. while D. after
- ( )28. A. whatever B. whenever C. wherever D. whichever
- ( )29. A. put B. left C. organized D. received
- ( )30. A. famous B. sad C. safe D. frequent
- ( )31. A. refused B. wanted C. moved D. used
- ( )32.A. gave B. paid C. borrowed D. charged
- ( )33. A. habit B. job C. supply D. interest
- ( )34. A. felt B. thanked C. welcomed D. recognized
- ( )35. A. rude B. funny C. wonderful D. foolish

得分评卷人

----- 四、阅读理解：共 15 小题；每题 3 分，共 45 分。

阅读下列短文，然后根据短文的内容从每小题的四个选择项中选出最佳的一项。

Cesar was born in Arizona in 1927. His grandparents had come to the United States from Mexico years before. Cesar and his family lived on their farm. In the 1930s, there was very little rain in Arizona. The land dried up and farmers couldn't grow crops. Cesar's family had to move. They went west to California.

California had a lot of farmland. Cesar's family got jobs as *migrant* farm workers. That meant they moved from farm to farm to pick crops. It was hard work, and the pay was very- low. Cesar worked in the fields to help his family. He also went to school. He liked to learn) but he didn<sup>1</sup> like going to school. Some children made fun of him because he did not speak English well.

When Cesar was 17, he joined the navy. He was at sea for two years. After he returned home, he married his true love, Helen. They later had eight children. Cesar returned to

working in the fields. But he was angry about how hard life was for the farm workers. The landowners（土地拥有者）made all the money. They didn't treat the workers well. Cesar had always been quiet and shy. But now he decided it was time to speak up, He was going to work for farm workers' rights. He began by talking to farm workers. He helped them vote（投票）. If they voted? they could help choose America's leaders. Cesar also got thousands of farm workers to join workers' organizations or groups.

36.Cesares family left Arizona because\_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. there was too much rain
- B. there was very little farmland
- C. their children couldn't go to school
- D the land was too dry for crops to grow

37.What does *migrant* mean in the second paragraph?

- A. Working very hard.
- B. Having large farms.
- C. Making a lot of money.
- D. Moving from place to place.

38.What did Cesar do at the age of 17?

- A. He taught in a farm school.
- B.He had his first child.
- C. He started to serve in the navy.
- D.He got married to Helen.

39.What did Cesar help farm workers do?

- A. Tb vote in the elections.
- B.lb become leaders.
- C. lb treat landowners well.
- D.lb fight against workers' groups.

B

David was earning money for college by working at a store in the late afternoon and early evening. On Wednesday night his boss asked him to work long past midnight, because another employee（雇员）got sick. Since David needed money for his car payment, he agreed. He did not tell his boss that he had an important test early the next morning.

On Thursday morning David slept through the alarm（闹钟）. But, luckily, he was woken up by the telephone half an hour later. He arrived at the exam as the test papers were being handed out. However> he had missed the professor's instruction on how to do the test. David could not immediately begin to work on the test because he had to calm himself first. He was surprised by some of the material on the test. As he began to read and answer questions? he worried that he would not do well.

In fact, at the very beginning David made a poor decision. He didn't tell his boss that he needed a good sleep on the night before his big test. Being prepared rather than feeling tired and sleepy can make the difference in answering correctly one item（题目）or more. That correct item, for example, could make the difference in a failing score of 58 or a passing score of 60. So, don't take chances when the risks（风险）are high. Getting well prepared can make a difference. Set yourself up for success, and get enough sleep the night before a test.

40. What was David asked to do on Wednesday night?

- A lb call his boss.
- B.lb pay for his car.
- C. lb work longer hours.
- D,Tb take care of a worker.

41. How was David woken up on Thursday morning?

- A. By his boss.
- B.By the alarm.
- C. By the phone.
- D.By his professor.

42. What might be the best title for this passage?

- A. Be Prepared
- B. Don't Be Lazy
- C. Work Hard
- D. Help Those in Need

C

It was Sally's first time alone on a bus to school. She was excited and a bit nervous. The bus stop was near her house, but today, it seemed to be miles away. Sally finally got on the bus and took a seat by a window in the back row.

The bus started at a normal speed. But Sally felt that something seemed to be wrong because there was a terrible smell coming out of the back of the bus. She saw some people next to her looked as if they were getting sick. Suddenly, she realized that it probably was a gas leak（泄漏）,She had to do something. She shouted to the bus driver, but he didn't hear her. Then she tried to open the windows > but they were locked due to the air-conditioning（空调）.

Just then, she looked down, and saw her rock-hard shoes. She immediately took off one of them and, with much strength? broke open the window nearest to her, letting out the gas, and bringing the attention of the driver to the trouble.

She was afraid that the driver would have her arrested（逮捕）for breaking the window when a policeman came. But to her surprise and delight, the policeman expressed his thanks for her help.

- When she arrived at the school? she told the story to her teacher and classmates. They were very proud of her.
43. How did Sally feel before she got on the bus to school alone?
- A. Proud and worried.
- B. Lonely and frightened.
- C. Delighted and surprised.
- D. Excited and nervous.
44. What problem did Sally find on the bus?
- A. The bus went too fast.
- B. There was a terrible smell.
- C. The passengers were noisy.
- D. The air-conditioning stopped.
45. Who broke the window open?
- A. Sally.
- B. The driver.
- C. A teacher.
- D. A policeman.
46. What did the policeman do after he arrived?
- A. He thanked Sally.
- B. He arrested Sally.
- C. He called Sally's teacher.
- D. He punished the bus driver.

D

Monique might be the world ' s most widely travelled hen ( 母鸡 ) . She has sailed around the world with Guirec Soudee, a French sailor, for five years.

Soudee<sup>5</sup> s trip began from his hometown in France. Before crossing the Atlantic Ocean, Soudee stopped in the Canary Islands. There he met Monique; it was given to him by some friend. His plan was to have the hen for company and fresh eggs.

People warned him that a hen wouldn't lay eggs at sea because it would be too anxious.

However> Monique laid an egg on her first day on the boat and then laid 25 eggs in 28 days. “ Monique and I became very close. I talked to her every day?and I knew she understood me," Soudee says. " I taught her how to swim? and we shared everything together."

Soudee and Monique finished their 51,000-mile journey around the world in December 2018. On the trip there were some frightening moments. Their boat overturned in 13-metre waves near Antarctica; on Greenland they were stranded ( 滞留 ) in the ice for 130 days,70 of which were in darkness. Soudee couldn' t fish because of the ice, and Monique ' s eggs saved him.

Soudee has written a book called *The Hen Who Sailed around the World:A True Story*. "We've got lots of plans," Soudee says. "I want to get a bigger boat and hopefully Monique will have some chicks ( 小鸡 ) and then we can take them too. ” 47» Where did Soudee meet Monique?

- A. On an old boat.
- B. In Antarctica.
- C. In his hometown.
- D. In the Canary Islands.

48. What did people warn Soudee about Monique?

- A. It might get lost.
- B. It would not lay eggs at sea.
- C. It might not stay alive at sea.
- D. It would take him too much time.

49. What happened to Soudee and Monique on Greenland?

- A. They spent 130 days in darkness.
- B. They were stranded in the ice.
- C. They had nothing to eat.
- D. They lost their boat.

50. What do we know about Soudee from the last paragraph?

- A He has got a larger boat.
- B. He has bought some chicks.
- C. He has written a book about Monique.
- D. He has started a new sailing around the world.



第二部分非选择题（45分）

3. 餐馆的特色。

注意：1. 词数应为 100 个左右；

2. 邮件内容须写在答题卡的指定位置上。

得分评卷人

五、补全对话：共 5 句；每句满分为 3 分，共 15 分。

根据中文提示，把对话中缺少的内容写在线上。这些句子必须符合英语表达习惯。打句号 的地方。用陈述句；打问号的地方，用疑问句。

提示：Tbm 给 Jack 打电话，但 Jack 不在办公室，便请 Mary 留言给 Jack。

(T = Tom ; M = Mary )

T: Hello! This is Tom. Who's speaking there?

M: Hello, 51 .

T: Hi, Mary! Can I talk to Jack, please?

M : I, m sorry. 52 .

T: Well, can you take a message for him?

M: 53 .

T : Please ask him to call me back. We are going to visit our teacher this evening.

M : I see. 54 ?

T: My phone number is 54211188.

M: OK, I'll tell him when he comes back.

T: 55 .

M: You are welcome.

得分评卷人

----- 六、书面表达：满分 30 分°

假设你是李华。你的英国朋友 Mike 想来你的家乡旅游，并品尝当地美食，希望你推荐

一家有特色的餐馆。请给 Mike 写一封英文邮件，内容包括：

1. 餐馆名字：友客饭庄

2. 餐馆的位置；

2022 年成人高等学校招生全国统一考试  
英语（高起点）试题参考答案

一、语音知识

1.D 2.C 3.B 4.A 5.D

二、词汇与语法知识

6.D 7.D 8.B 9.C 10.B 11.A 12.C 13.A  
14.B 15.A 16.B 17.C 18.A 19.D 20.C

三、完形填空

21.D 22.C 23.A 24.D 25.A 26.B 27.A 28.B  
29.C 30.D 31.B 32.A 33.C 34.B 35.C

四、阅读理解

36.D 37.D 38.C 39.A 40.C 41.C 42.A 43.D  
44.B 45.A 46.A 47.D 48.B 49.B 50.C

五、补全对话

51. this is Mary( speaking) /I am Mary  
52. He is not in(the office) 5 3. Yes/Sure  
54. Can I have your phone number,please/What's your phone number,please  
55. Thank you/Thanks

六、书面表达

Dear Mike,

I'm so glad that you are coming to visit my hometown.I would like to suggest you go to the most popular restaurant here. Its name is Youke Restaurant. It s in the city center and not far from my home.The restaurant offers a variety of dishes special in my hometown.There are also dances to Chinese music in the evenings and you may be invited to join the dances.I'm sure you'll make many new friends and have a wonderful time here.

I am looking forward to seeing you soon.

Yours,  
Li Hua

2021 年成人高等学校招生全国统一考试  
英语（高起点）试  
题

题号	一	二	三	四	五		总分	
题分	7.5	22. 5	30	45	15	30	核分人	
得分							复查人	

第一部分选择题（105 分）

得分	评卷人

一、语音知识：共 5 小题；每题 1.5 分，共 7.5 分。

- (    )1.A.near                      B.hear                      C. early                      D.fear
- (    )2. A. busy                      B. inside                      C. noise                      D. music
- (    )3. A. walk                      B.talk                      C.call                      D.half
- (    )4Ahome                      B.go                      C.note                      D.come
- (    )5.A.ago                      B.agree                      C.able                      D. about

得分	评卷人

二、词汇与语法知识：共 15 小题；每题 1.5 分，共 22.5 分。

从每小题的四个选择项中，选出最佳的一项。

- (    )6.一 What about having a picnic at the beach this Saturday?  
    —It\_\_\_\_\_good.  
    A. sounds                      B»  
    C. smells                      feels  
    D.looks
- (    )7 — \_\_\_\_\_ you going to Dave's birthday party tomorrow?

——Yes. I

- A. Will                      B.Are
- C.Would                      D.Is

- )8. When Lily came home at 5 p.m.yesterday.her mother        \_\_\_\_\_in the kitchen.  
    A. was cooking                      B. cooks  
    C.has cooked                      D. cooked
- )9.Tommy is very\_\_\_\_\_in what the teacher said in class yesterday.  
    A. interested                      B. interests  
    C. interest                      D. interesting
- )10.No other city has ever developed as fast as . \_\_\_\_\_  
    A. my                      B.our                      C.ours                      D.us
- )11.Her favorite book of bedtime stories for children was        \_\_\_\_\_in English.  
    A. writes                      B. wrote  
    C. writing                      D. written
- )12.Mary is 60 years old,        \_\_\_\_\_ she still plans to take part in the race.  
    A. though                      B. since  
    C.but                      D.if
- )13.Let me        \_\_\_\_\_ what I mean.  
    A. explain                      B. explains  
    C.to explain                      D.explaining
- )14. \_\_\_\_\_students are there in your school,Tom?  
    A. How far                      B. How many  
    C.How long                      D.How often
- )15.When Jack heard the news,he couldn't help        \_\_\_\_\_  
    A.having cried                      B.cry  
    C.to cry                      D. crying
- )16.It doesn't matter whether you win        \_\_\_\_\_ lose.  
    A. either                      B.or  
    C.for                      D.and
- )17.Everything changed        \_\_\_\_\_ quickly that I almost had no time to think.  
    A. such                      B.how  
    C.as                      D.so
- )18.Don't throw that cloth away;and you'll find a        \_\_\_\_\_ for it one day.  
    A. waste                      B.bed  
    C. dress                      D.use
- )19.We'd like to know the reason\_\_\_\_\_she didn't accept the job.

A.what  
ich  
D.when  
C.why  
20.—Must I turn in the homework tomorrow?  
No•  
A. you needn't  
C. you can, t  
B.you won't  
D.you don't

得分评卷人  
----- 三、完形填空：共 15 小题；每题 2 分，共 30 分。

通读下面的短文，掌握其大意。然后，从每小题的四个选择项中选出可填入相应空白处的 最佳选项。

Dear Tom,

You asked me why I like living in New Mexico. I like it 21 it is so beautiful. We have mountains,mesas(平顶山), rivers, and forests.Mesa is the Spanish 22 for a broad> flattopped mountain.For 12 years.I have 23 across the state several times a month, and I still find new places that take my breath away.

24 else do I like about living in New Mexico? I like the sunshine. We have over 300 25 days a year with deep blue skies.Because we are 7,000 feet above 26 level and the weather is very dry,the air is very 27 and the nights here are much colder than the days.

The many days of sunshine are a very good thing for our state. Do you know that New Mexico 28 more than 3,200 hours of sunlight every year? With that much sunlight,we are one of the sunniest stares in the United States. Some people 29 that if we could use the energy from all of the sunlight here, we could 30 more than enough power for the whole United States!

The weather in New Mexico is good for 31 energy out of sunlight,but sometimes the lack of rain is a 32 for people living here.Most of the state is desert,and there isn't enough water 33 drinking, growing food , and other uses. Farming is very difficult here because of the water shortage (短缺). There are many laws about water use in New Mexico so that everybody uses just enough.The 34 for water increases as more and more new homes are built.

So 9 as with all places, there are things that are wonderful and yet others that are 35 about living in New Mexico. How about you? Do you like living where you are?

Yours,

得分评卷人  
----- 四、阅读理解：共 15 小题；每题 3 分，共 45 分。

Anna  
( )2 1.A. because B. where C.once D. although  
( )2 2. A. address B.word C.area D. picture  
( )2 3. A. looked B.sat □.travelled D. lived  
( )24.A.That B.What C.Whom D.Who  
( )2 5. A. sunny B. rainy C. windy D. cloudy  
( )2 6. A. land B.sea C.soil D. flood  
( )2 7. A. dirty B.dark C. clean D.hot  
( )2 8. A. receives B. produces C. sends D. earns  
( )29. A. talk B.say C. reply D. order  
( )30. A. hold B. reduce C. provide D. catch  
( )31.A. discovering B. returning C. borrowing D. making  
( )32. A. standard B. problem C. reason D. purpose  
( )33. A. on B.for C.with D.to  
( )34. A. need B.time C.aim D. peace  
( )3 5. A. difficult B. expensive C. beautiful D. familiar

阅读下列短文，然后根据短文的内容从每小题的四个选择项中选出最佳的一项。

A number of children with special educational needs are home educated when schools cannot meet their needs.

As a parent?you must make sure that your child receives a full-time education suitable to their age and ability from the age of five.You do not need to be a good teacher and your child does not have to follow the National Curriculum(国家课程标准)or take national tests.There is no money directly from the central government for parents who decide to educate their children at home?but the local(当地的)governments do provide guidance for parents, including free National Curriculum materials.

Local governments should keep an eye on the parents who educate their children at home to make sure that a suitable education is being provided. You can provide evidence (®) that your child is receiving a suitable education by writing a report and providing some of your child's work.You can also invite a local government officer to your home or meet him outside the home, with or without your child being presentofficers have no right to get to your home

■  
■  
! without permission.  
i



is itself a strong enough reason for banning.They further add that the practice of using animals for our own selfish gains cannot be a good reason under the excuse of protection. The treatment of animals in these zoos is yet another big worry,with quite a few reports about ill-treatment (虐待) of animals once in a while.

It's very difficult to come up with a clear idea on whether it is right to keep animals in zoos or not. It is true that the animals are protected in these places as they don't get into *conflict* with humans.But,at the same time,one has to admit that keeping them in zoos equals a disrespect for nature.These animals are born to live in the wild,and we should accept this fact.

- ( )43.Some animal rights groups are in favor of the zoo because it can\_\_\_\_\_ .
- A. attract visitors B.make money
- C. train animals D. protect animals
- ( )44.Those who are against the zoo think that people should .
- A. let animals live in the wild B.sell animals in zoos
- C.use animals for fun D. raise animals at home
- ( )45. Which is the closest in meaning to *conflict* (Para. 4) ?
- A. Fight. B. Connection.
- C. Argument. D. Company.
- ( )46. What would be the most suitable title for the text?
- A. Zoos — Best Places for Wild Animals
- B. Is It Right to Keep Animals in Zoos?
- C. Zoos — Places for Fun to the Public
- D. How Should Animals Be Treated in Zoos?

## D

Did your child's brain become smaller last summer? Probably not,according to a study by Dr.Harris Cooper,professor at the University of Missouri-Columbia.The study found that when students return to school after a long summer vacation. They<sup>7</sup> ve lost one to three months worth of learning.

This is more harmful for math than it is for reading/<sup>4</sup> All students lose math skills." says Cooper.It may be because kids (小孩) have more chances to practice reading than math.Middleclass children actually learn more in reading than lower-income students over the summer. Cooper feels that this results from the variety of activities that many middle-class kids take part in over the summer, such as camping (野营) and trips.

"Parents can help their kids keep educational skills." says Cooper. He suggests the following tips to have a learning-filled. summer.

1. Keep lots of books around and make regular trips to the library. Most libraries offer special summer events for kids
2. Think about what your kids may be learning next year when you plan the familyvacation. Talk with teachers to find out what they'll be covering in class.
3. Keep math in mind. Since kids lose more math skills than anything else over the summer, try to do some special planning to find math-related activities.
4. Consider summer school. Struggling kids can get a lot of different kinds of help from summer school programs. Summer school can also enrich and quicken learning in areas where kids show a special interest.

Remember to keep it fun! You don't want to make your kids unhappy with learning during the summer break.

- ( )47.What did Dr.Harris Cooper find in his study?
- A. Kids love reading more after the summer.
- B. Kids show a special interest in math after the summer.
- C. Kids, math skills become weaker after the summer.
- D. Kids have a lot of fun in the summer.
- ( )48.Some kids gain in reading over the summer probably because they
- A. join in a variety of activities
- B. go to the library every day
- C. spend their vacation in a school
- D. receive a special training in reading
- ( )49.Parents can find out what their kids will study next year by •
- A. doing math-related activities
- B. having a learning-filled summer
- C. reading the textbooks
- D. talking with the teachers
- ( )50. What are parents advised to do for their kids in the summer vacation?
- A. Let their kids work in the library,
- B. Keep their kids studying at home.
- C. Help teachers prepare for new lessons.
- D. Send their kids to summer schools.

第二部分非选择题(45 分)

得分评卷人

----- 五、补全对话：共 5 句；每句满分为 3 分，共 15 分。

根据中文提示，把对话中缺少的内容写在线上。这些句子必须符合英语表达习惯。打句号 的地方，用陈述句；打问号的地方，用疑问句。

提示, 马明是个摄影爱好者。他在飞机场遇到一个可爱的美国小男孩 Rm,想给他拍 几张照片。

(M=Ma Ming; T= Tom)

M: Hello.Pm Ma Ming. 51 ?

T: My name is Tom.

M: 52 .Tom?

T: Pm 5 years old.

M: 53 ?

T: Vm from America.

M : Well, welcome to China.

T: 54 .

M: lbm 9can I take some pictures of you?

T: Ask my mom, please.

M: 55 ?

T: She's there in the shop.

得分评卷人

----- 六、书面表达：满分 30 分。

假设你是李华，你的朋友 Peter 邀请你参加周五晚上他举办的周末聚会。而你周五正 在南  
京出差,周六晚上才能回来。请你用英语给他写一封电子邮件，内容包括：

1. 感谢他邀请你参加他的周末聚会；
- 2 .说明你无法参加的原因并表达歉意；
- 3 .表示你出差回来后去拜访他。

注意：1. 词数应为 100 个左右；

Dear Peter.

Yours.

Li Hua

2. 邮件内容须写在答题卡的指定位置上。



2021 年成人高等学校招生全国统一考试  
英语（高起点）试题参考答案

一、语音知识

1.C 2.B            3.D        4.D        5.C

二、词汇与语法知识

6.A            7.B            8.A            9.A            10.C            11.D            12.C            13.A  
14.B            15.D            16.B            17.D            18.D            19.C            20.A

三、完形填空

21.A            22.B            23.C            24.B            25.A            26.B            27.C            28.A  
29.B            30.C            31.D            32.B            33.B            34.A            35.A

四、阅读理解

36.C            37.D            38.D            39.A            40.C            41.C            42.B            43.D  
44.A            45.A            46.B            47.C            48.A            49.D            50.D

五、补全对话

51.What's your name  
52.How old are you  
53.Where are you from/Where do            come from  
54. Thanks/ Thank you  
55.Where is she

六、书面表达

Dear Peter,  
  
How is everything going with you?  
  
Thank you so much for inviting me to your weekend party on Friday evening. However, I'm afraid I won't be able to attend it.because I'm now on a business trip in Nanjing.And I won' t be back until this Saturday evening.I feel really sorry that I can't join you this time.But I'd like to visit you when I go back from Nanjing.Please let me know what time suits you best.  
  
Wish you a good time on Friday and look forward to seeing you soon!  
  
Yours,  
Li Hua

2020 年成人高等学校招生全国统一考试  
英语（高起点）试题

题号	一	二	三	四	五		总分	
题分	7.5	22.5	30	45	15	30	核分人	
得分							复查人	

第一部分选择题（105 分）

得分评卷人

----- 一、语音知识：共 5 小题；每题 1.5 分，共 7.5 分。

•E

在下列每组单词中，有一个单词的画线部分与其他单词的画线部分的读音不同，找出这个词。

- 1.A.best

B. beside

C.busy

D. person
2. A. gold

B. color

C.cold

D.old
3. A. again

B. apple

C. about

D.ago
- 4 A now

B.know

C.cow

D.how
- 5.A. high

B. enough

C. laugh

D. cough

得分	评卷人

二、词汇与语法知识：共 15 小题；每题 1.5 分，共 22.5 分。

从每小题的四个选择项中，选出最佳的一项。

- (     )6.On the table is my book; \_ is over there.
- A. our

B.you

C.mine

D. yours

)7,—Would you like to have more rice?

- A. Not at all

B.No,thanks.I'm full
- C.Yon are welcome

D.OK,here you are

)8. My uncle lives in \_\_\_\_\_ special home for\_\_\_\_\_elderly.

- A.不填;the

B.不填; an
- C. the;an

D.a;the

)9.Could you please\_\_\_\_\_why you are so late today?

- A. explained

B. explain
- C.to explain

D. explaining

)10. *Harry Potter* is the most interesting book\_\_\_\_\_I have ever read.

- A. that

B.when
- C.who

D. where

)11.Bill is not in the office. He \_\_\_\_\_ to the library an hour ago.

- A. went

B.has gone
- C. would go

D.has been

)12.\_\_\_\_\_your eating habits is the best way to lose weight.

- A. To have changed

B. Change
- C. Changing

D. Being changed

)13.The letters\_\_\_\_\_on your desk yesterday?but you didn't read them at all.

- A.were put

B. being put
- C.put

D.have put

)14.Go straight forward and you \_\_\_\_\_ the shop on your right.

- A. would see

B.will see
- C.have seen

D.saw

)15.After a heated discussion, they finally agreed on the price \_\_\_\_\_ the new car.

- A. to

~~B.at~~

C.for

D.with

)16.My brother worked \_\_\_\_\_ than any other member in his team and got the first prize.

- A. hard

B. harder

C. hardest

D. hardly

)17.You can invite Tom to the party, \_\_\_\_\_ please don't ask that friend of his.

- A. but

B.for

C. since

D.or

)18.We will go out for a picnic \_\_\_\_\_ it doesn't rain tomorrow.

- A. if

B. after

C.that

D. though

)19.Someone is knocking at the door,but whom can \_\_\_\_\_ be?

- A.one

B.he

C.it

D.she
- 20.The baby usually\_\_\_\_\_three times a night.
- A. has woken up

B.is waking up

C.will wake up

D. wakes up

得分	评卷人

三、完形填空：共 15 小题；每题 2 分，共 30 分。

通读下面的短文，掌握其大意。然后，从每小题的四个选择项中选出可填入相应空白处的 最佳选项。

The tallest building in America's capital city is the Washington Monument(纪念碑).It is 21 for George Washington,the first president of the United States.He 22 the American colonies(殖民地) in the War of Independence(独立) against England from 1775 to 1783. As president , he 23 the new United States of America through its first difficult 24 .

The monument is one of the most popular 25 in the World.Lights shine on it at night. It can usually be 26 from far away.

George Washington was born in 1732.He 27 school for only about seven or eight years. At age 20 he 28 an officer in the colonial army. 29 ,as time passed, he became angry with the way England 30 the American colonies.The war against Britain 31 in 1775.The Americans named George Washington chief of the revolutionary armies.

Many of his soldiers were not trained, and they were 32 equipped(^).During one winter of the Revolutionary War. his soldiers 33 froze to death. But General Washington led them to 34 .The last group of British soldiers left the colonies in 1783.In 1789,he was 35 as the first president of the United States.

- ( )2 1.A. covered

B. named

C. taken

D. acted
- ( )2 2. A. pushed

B. followed

C.led

D. separated
- ( )2 3. A. passed

B. showed

C. advised

D. helped
- ( )24. A. century

B. battles

C. thing

D. years
- ( )2 5. A. places

B. gardens

C.ways

D. stations
- ( )2 6. A. seen

B. realized

C. shared

D. developed
- ( )2 7. A. attended

B. missed

C. escaped

D. changed
- ( )2 8. A. caught

B.knew

C.met

D. became
- ( )29.A. Therefore

B. However

C. Otherwise

D. Besides

得分	评卷人

四、阅读理解：共 15 小题；每题 3 分，共 45 分。

- ( )30. A. ruled

B. destroyed

C. defeated

D. attacked
- ( )3 1.A. broke

B. started

C. declared

D. spread
- ( )3 2. A. fully

B. specially

C. poorly

D. suitably
- ( )33 A.really

B. almost

C. hardly

D.still
- ( )34. A. failure

B. trouble

C. victory

D. pleasure
- ( )3 5. A. called

B. armed

C. chosen

D. recognized

阅读下列短文，然后根据短文的内容从每小题的四个选择项中选出最佳的一项。

A

Effective teamwork is key to the success of a business. Teamwork helps tasks get completed quickly and efficiently (高效地). However, poor teamwork can *hinder* a business, success and make operations much more difficult. Four parts of teamwork can make it effective and lead to business success.

Effective Communication (沟通)

Without effective communication , a team will be weak. When a team has open and honest communication > a lot more will be achieved. Communication makes sure that everyone listens to one another' s ideas and will help them express their thoughts and feelings. Good communication also helps put together a clear plan of action.

Different Skills

The way the team is made up of plays a major role in how well the group works as a team. It is necessary that people with different skills be paired together so that they can make use of one another's knowledge and skills.For example?in a team,there should be a few people who are good at planning>one or two key leaders and several experts in various subjects.

Stro 理 Leadership

Leadership is important in a team. A leader is needed to settle disagreements, set goals and keep the team off track. A good leader can lead without being bossy, achieve goals by encouraging the team and stepping in when necessary > and make suggestions for improvements.

Passion (激情)

A team without passion will get nowhere. If any member of the team does not have the passion to get the job done and do it well,he or she will become less and less interested in the

duties and bring the rest of the team down. boy who plays football and watches movies for children.

- (     )36.Efficient teamwork can help a business to\_\_\_\_\_ .  
A.   complete tasks quickly  
B.   make operations difficult  
C.   improve communication gradually  
D.   achieve leadership faster
- (     )37.The word"hinder"in Paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to  
A.   lead to  
B.help with  
C. change with
- )38.Which of the following would help make a clear plan of action?  
A. Effective communication.  
D.hold back  
B.   A good leader without being bossy.  
C.   A team with passion.  
D.   People with different skills paired together. )39.What is a must for every member of the team?  
A.   Leadership.  
B. Different skills.  
C. Various knowledge.  
D. Passion.

Most 11-year-olds are just happy to have finished their first year of middle school. However, Tom is not like most kids. He did not go to elementary (/J、学) , middle or high school but went straight to college at the young age of eight.

While Tom 's parents knew he was smart , they had never imagined putting him in college this young.However, when they tried to send him to a private (私立的) school at the age of six, he was *turned down*, because he was so smart that the school was afraid he would feel dull.

It turns out the school was fight. After homeschooling the young boy for two years? the parents realized that he was ready for some real high-level courses. They came to East Los Angeles College,Who agreed to take him in. However»until he proved himself, he could take only two courses — math and music.

Tom did not disappoint.He got A's in both and hasn't looked back since.Last week,he graduated as a top student.In fact,the young boy was so smart that he helped his fellow math students?some of whom were 10 years older than him.

while the world may cheer him as a genius (天才) ,his parents think he is just a normal

- (     )40. How is Tom different from most kids of his age?  
A.   He was taken in by a college at 8.  
B.   He was sent to high school at 8.  
C.   He went to middle school at 11.  
D.   He graduated from high school at 11.
- (     )41.The phrase"turned down"in the second paragraph is closest in meaning to\_\_\_\_\_.  
A. accepted B. respected                   C. refused                   D. examined
- (     )42.What did the parents do to Tom for two years before he went to college?  
A.   They sent him to a school in Los Angeles.  
B.   They let him attend music programs.  
C.   They hired a math teacher for him.  
D.   They taught him at home.

Nowadays everyone is so much trying to keep fit that sometimes they miss the fact there are times when they should not be exercising at all. Here you can find real reasons to stop training for a while and do not feel sorry for your laziness.

**When you are ill**

Do not exercise if you are not feeling well»even if it is just a cold. Workout can hurt your immune system (免疫系统) and lengthen illness. As a result, you will spend more time away from the physical activity.Training while being ill is also a main cause of other injuries since it is more difficult to focus on (专「山于) what you are doing when you feel bad.

**When you have not had enough recovering time**

Do not rush back to your normal workout habit after you have been ill. Starting to train too early is likely to lead to a return of your symptoms (症状) .when you do decide to go back to the sports ground , be sure to start your exercise slowly and with care. Even one week or so off your usual exercise can make a difference.

**When you are tired out**

There sometimes are days when you do not feel like going to the sports ground, and sometimes your body might be telling you to take a break. It will do you a lot of good to have a day off from your fitness classes.Go home? have a healthy meal and do not feel sorry for not being at the sports ground.Remember that sometimes you just need to relax

- ( )43.What might be the result of exercising when you are ill?
- A. You will improve your immune system.
  - B. You will catch a cold easily.
  - C. You will be ill for a longer time.
  - D. You will pay little attention to your illness.

- ( )44.While recovering from an illness ? you are advised to\_\_\_\_\_.
- A. go to the sports ground every day
  - B. start training as early as possible
  - C. rush back to your workout habit
  - D. start your exercise gradually and carefully

- ( )45.What is suggested in the passage when you do not feel like exercising?
- A Join a fitness class.
  - B. Have a rich meal.
  - C. Stay away from the sports ground.
  - D. Sleep for a day at home.

- ( )46.What might be the best title for the text?
- A. Reasons That You Don't Feel Like Exercising
  - B. Times When You Should Not Exercise
  - C. Causes of Tiredness
  - D. Effects of Illness

D

Most teenagers in the United States try to make time for school ? family and friends. But some choose bigger goals. Here are the stories of two American teens working to make a difference in the world.

At age 15 9 Winter Vinecki has already had more successes than most people have in their lifetime. "I recently completed a marathon (马拉松) on all seven continents and became the youngest person in the world to do so.And,I was really doing this for my dad."

Doctors discovered Winter? s father had prostate cancer (前列腺癌)when she was nine years old. Her father died 10 months later.

"When he was first found ill I immediately knew I had to do something to help him. That's when I formed Team Winter for prostate cancer research."

Through Team Winter>Winter Vinecki has raised almost 500,000 dollars.She has taken prostate cancer education worldwide from Africa to Asia through foot races called marathons > on seven continents.

The other teen is Jack Andraka. He invented an inexpensive tool that can help find lung cancer, when he was 15 at the time.

"Without the Internet. I would have never been able to learn all these materials I needed for this project."

Jack is now 17 and seeking patents (专利)for his latest inventions. He has developed low-cost water quality machines. They help take away heavy metals and chemicals from water.

- )47.How did Winter make a difference in the world?
- A. She was the youngest to run foot races on seven continents.
  - B. She raised almost 500,000 dollars for her father.
  - C. She formed Team Winter in Africa.
  - D. She completed a marathon in a sports game.

- ( )48.Why did Winter run marathons around the world?
- A. To bring prostate cancer education to other people.
  - B. To do prostate cancer research.
  - C. To take prostate cancer lessons.
  - D. To raise money for prostate cancer patients.

- ( )49.What did Jack use the Internet for?
- A. Reducing the cost of the project.
  - B. Selling his water quality machine.
  - C. Searching for the needed materials.
  - D. Helping him patent his inventions.

- )50.What helps people make great achievements according to the text?
- A.Family love.
  - D. Friend support.
  - B.Young age.
  - C.Big goals.

第二部分非选择题（45 分）

得分	评卷人

五、补全对话：共 5 句；每句满分为 3 分，共 15 分。 根据中文提示，把对话中缺少的内容写在线上。这些句子必须符合英语表达习惯。打句 号的地方，用陈述句；打问号的地方，用疑问句。

提示:Henry 准备去上海开会，打电话到航空公司订票，工作人员 Lillian 接听了 电话。

(L= Lillian ; H = H enry)

L: Hello! This is Air China. 51 ?

H: Hello.Pd like to book a flight from Beijing to Shanghai.

L: Sure. 52 ?

H - This Saturday morning July 12.

L: OK.How many tickets?

H: 53 .

L: So,that's one ticket from Beijing to Shanghai.

H: 54 ?

L: WelLthat will be 1,030 yuan.

H: OK.Can I book that now?

L: Certainly.

H: 55 .

得分	评卷人

六、书面表达：满分 30 分。

L: You're welcome.

假设你是李华，写一封电子邮件给你的美国朋友 Peter,请他帮你买一本英文书，邮 件的具 体内容包括：

1. 书名和作者 :Anne Lindbergh 所著 *Gift from the Sea* ;

5. 表术感谢。

注意：1. 词数应为 100 个左右；

2. 邮件内容须写在答题卡的指定位置上。

Dear Peter,  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Yours,  
Li Hua

- 2. 买书目的和原因：写学期论文用作参考，在当地买不到；
- 3. 邮寄地址：北京城市大学英语学院，邮编：100000；
- 4. 询问付款方式；

2020 年成人高等学校招生全国统一考试

一、语音知识

1.C 2.B 3.B            4.B        5.A

二、词汇与语法知识

6.D            7.B        8.D            9.B            10.A            11.B            12.C            13.A

14.B            15.C        16.B            17.A            18.A            19.C            20.D

三、完形填空

21.B 22.C            23.D            24.D            25.A            26.A            27.A            28.D

29.B            30.A        31.A            32.C            33.B            34.C            35.C

四、阅读理解

36.A            37.D        38.A            39.D            40.A            41.C            42.D            43.C

44.D            45.C        46.B            47.A            48.A            49.C            50.C

英语（高起点）试题参考答案

五、 补全对话

51. What can I do for you
52. What date would you like to fly
53. Just one ticket
54. How much is it
55. Thank you

六、 书面表达

Dear Peter,

I'm writing to you to ask for a favor.Could you please help me to buy a book,GW *from the Sea* 9 written by Anne Lindbergh? The book is very important for me.I need it to refer to when I write my term paper. I have looked for the book for many days ? but I can not find it in local area.Please mail it to School of English?Beijing City University if you get it.The postcode is 100000. Besides»please tell me how I can transfer the money to you. I will be appreciated if you Can help me.

Looking forward to your reply.

Yours,

Li Hua



**2019 年成人高等学校招生全国统一考试**  
**英语（高起点）试题**

题号	一	二	三	四	五		总分	
题分	7.5	22.5	30	45	15	30	核分人	
得分							复查人	

### 第一部分选择题 (105 分)

得分	评卷人

一、语音知识：共 5 小题；每题 1.5 分，共 7.5 分。

•E

在下列每组单词中，有一个单词的画线部分与其他单词的画线部分的读音不同，找出这个词。

- ( ) 1. A. coat                      B. road                      C. broad                      D. goal
- ( ) 2. A. official                      B. declare                      C. active                      D. picture
- ( ) 3. A. purse                      B. pure                      C. curious                      D. cure
- ( ) 4. A. hide                      B. like                      C. time                      D. give
- ( ) 5. A. question                      B. station                      C. direction                      D. pollution

得分评卷人

二、词汇与语法知识：共 15 小题；每题 1.5 分，共 22.5 分。

从每小题的四个选择项中，选出最佳的一项。

- ( )6. He's a great player and I have a lot of respect \_\_\_\_\_ him.  
A. of B. in C. on D. for
- ( )7. Don't forget to \_\_\_\_\_ your school bag with you \_\_\_\_\_ when you come here next time.  
A. bring B. deliver C. fetch D. take

8. He was late for work this morning because he \_\_\_\_\_ find his key.  
A. mustn't B. wouldn't  
C. couldn't D. shouldn't
9. I asked him to go to the art exhibition?but he said he had \_\_\_\_\_ seen it.  
A. still B. already  
C. also D. often
10. —Where's your mother,Helen?  
—She \_\_\_\_\_ the flowers in the garden.  
A. waters B. is watering  
C. watered D. has watered
11. The children and their parents had great fun \_\_\_\_\_ games in the park.  
A. playing B. play  
C. played D. to play
12. There is only one student \_\_\_\_\_ will surely pass the difficult test.  
A. whose B. which  
C. whom D. who
13. —Do you like talking with your friends on the phone or through the Internet?  
\_\_\_\_\_.I enjoy writing letters.  
A. None B. Either  
C. Neither D. Both
14. She asked me \_\_\_\_\_ I would like to go with her or not.  
A. how B. when  
C. whether D. where
15. Before you leave the classroom» \_\_\_\_\_ all the lights.  
A. turn up B. turn over  
C. turn to D. turn off
16. If Mom looks out from the kitchen window, she \_\_\_\_\_ us playing in the yard.  
A. is seeing B. will see  
C. was seeing D. has seen
17. —Can you stay here for a few more days?  
\_\_\_\_\_ ? but I have to be home tomorrow.  
A. No,thank you B. I'm afraid not  
C. Fd love to D. No problem

18. With a lot of work \_\_\_\_\_, Jerry had no time to go to the cinema with his daughter.

- A. doing                      B. having done  
C. done                        D. to do

( )19. We're making good progress > \_\_\_\_\_ we've still got a long way to go.

- A. but    B. or  
C. so    D. thus

( )20. I hope you will have a \_\_\_\_\_ week with us in China.

- A. pleasure                      B. pleasing  
C. pleased                        D. pleasant

得分	评卷人

三、完形填空：共 15 小题；每题 2 分，共 30 分。

通读下面的短文，掌握其大意。然后，从每小题的四个选择项中选出可填入相应空白处的最佳选项。

Mrs.McTavish looked out."It's a lovely day.Would you like to go for a walk in the park?"Her children 21 with excitement.

"Before we go, you need to follow some rules. Everyone must 22 hands and stay close to me, You can't 23 anywhere by yourself. Can you all do that?"

All four 24 they would. As they walked down the street.Fiona said, "I want an ice lolly(冰棍) , Mummy.Can we have some?"

"You can if you follow the rules."answered Mrs.McTavish.

The park is just around the corner.The children ran off to 25 . After a while, when Mrs.McTavish looked up she couldn't see Jock."Fiona,where's Jock?"

"I don't know,Mummy.He's not here 26 ."said Fiona.

The others hadn't 27 Jock either. Mrs. McTavish had to gather her children together and walk around the park 28 for him. She found him sitting near the ice lolly man."Jock! What are you doing here? I couldn't 29 you."

"Mummy,I want an ice lolly."Jock whispered.

"You can't have one now 30 you didn't follow the rules."<sup>J</sup>Mrs.McTavish 31 one for each of the other children and they licked (舔) them all the way home.Jock cried. When they 32 home she talked to Jock."Mummy has four children.I must have rules

so I can 33 an eye on you and know you're 34 「' Jock said he was 35 and he would follow the rules from then on.

- |         |                |             |              |               |
|---------|----------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|
| ( ) 21. | A. quarreled   | B. doubted  | C. listened  | D. cheered    |
| ( ) 22. | A. wash        | B. shake    | C. hold      | D. raise      |
| ( ) 23. | A. meet        | B. lie      | C. drive     | D. go         |
| ( ) 24. | A. admitted    | B. promised | C. pretended | D. explained  |
| ( ) 25. | A. play        | B. eat      | C. practice  | D. sing       |
| ( ) 26. | A. once more   | B. any more | C. as usual  | D. at last    |
| ( ) 27. | A. caught      | B. known    | C. seen      | D. recognized |
| ( ) 28. | A. looking     | B. sending  | C. running   | D. waiting    |
| ( ) 29. | A. understand  | B. find     | C. believe   | D. accept     |
| ( ) 30. | A. unless      | B. once     | C. though    | D. because    |
| ( ) 31. | A. bought      | B. made     | C. sold      | D. borrowed   |
| ( ) 32. | A. found       | B. left     | C. got       | D. passed     |
| ( ) 33. | A. rest        | B. open     | C. put       | D. keep       |
| ( ) 34. | A. comfortable | B. healthy  | C. safe      | D. honest     |
| ( ) 35. | A. sorry       | B. angry    | C. worried   | D. happy      |

得分评卷人

-----四、阅读理解：共 15 小题；每题 3 分，共 45 分。

阅读下列短文，然后根据短文的内容从每小题的四个选择项中选出最佳的一项。

Some farmers in California are having a hard time picking their crops. There are not enough workers to help them with the harvest.

One farmer used to grow peaches (桃子), but will soon grow almonds (杏仁) instead. Peaches require more labor to harvest. They are easy to be damaged and need careful hand picking. He is now removing his peach trees. Then he will plant almond trees in their places. Almonds are harvested differently. It does not take as many workers to pick them because a machine shakes the almond trees. The nuts fall on the ground and then are gathered up. The farmer does not have to hire many workers.



Some farmers think there are two reasons why they can't find enough farm workers. One reason is that there are a lot of well-paid construction jobs in the area. Many people are taking these jobs instead of picking fruit. The other reason is that it has become more difficult for workers to come from Mexico into California. Fewer workers are allowed to get into the country to work on the fruit farms. To settle the problem, farmers hope the government might allow these workers to work as guests. That would help workers provide for their family and help farmers harvest their crops. When the harvest season is over they'll go back home. Farmers say that unless things change, more fruits will come from other countries. This is because labor is cheaper in those countries than in the United States.

36. What problem do some farmers have?
- A. They have no workers to remove fruit trees.
  - B. There is little land for growing fruit.
  - C. Their crops were badly damaged last year.
  - D. It's difficult to harvest their crops.
37. Why does the peach farmer start to plant almonds?
- A. There is a greater demand for almonds.
  - B. Growing almonds takes much less land.
  - C. A machine can help get almonds off the trees.
  - D. Almonds will fall on the ground when ripe.
38. Why can't some farmers find enough workers to pick fruit?
- A. They grow too many peach trees.
  - B. People prefer well-paid construction jobs.
  - C. Few people want to work in California.
  - D. They don't want to hire workers from Mexico.
39. What will happen if the situation does not improve?
- A. The government will hire workers to help with the harvest.
  - B. More people will move to California from Mexico.
  - C. Other countries will provide cheaper labor for US farmers.
  - D. More fruits will be bought from other countries.

B

Scientists have long tried to be able to know more about floods. So far, the best that scientists can do is to recognize the conditions for flooding.

Although deep snow alone seldom causes floods, when it occurs together with heavy rain and

sudden warmer weather, it can lead to serious flooding. If there is a fast snow melt (融化) on top of frozen or very wet ground, flooding is likely to occur. Melting snow also causes high water levels in rivers. Whenever rivers are already at their highest possible levels, heavy rains will result in the rivers flooding the nearby land.

Rivers covered in ice can also lead to flooding. When ice begins to melt, it breaks into large pieces. These pieces of ice move and float down the river. They can block the river, causing the water to rise and flood the land up the river. If the ice dam (坝) breaks suddenly, the large quantity of water held behind it can flood the areas down the river too.

Broken ice dams are not the only problem that can cause flooding. When a large human-made dam breaks or fails to hold the water collected behind it, it will also cause serious damage.

Although scientists cannot always know when floods will occur, they do know a great deal about when floods are likely, or probably, going to occur.

40. What have scientists achieved in dealing with floods?
- A. They have prevented many rivers from flooding.
  - B. They have reduced the damage caused by floods.
  - C. They have learned much about conditions for flooding.
  - D. They have found most of the ice dams on the river.
41. When will deep snow lead to floods?
- A. The snow suddenly gets frozen.
  - B. The top of the ground becomes wet.
  - C. It rains hard with a big rise in temperature.
  - D. The snow melts gradually into a river.
42. What happens when ice dams break?
- A. They may quickly block the river.
  - B. The ice covering the river may melt fast.
  - C. A larger ice dam may soon be formed.
  - D. The areas down the river may be flooded.

C. A flower.

It was Sharing Day! The teacher had asked the students to bring something interesting to class.

Jimmy found the little box he and Dad had made. Inside was a piece of rock, a sand dollar and a shark (鲨鱼) tooth. Nobody could have anything as interesting as these!

In class, Jimmy waited anxiously, hoping to be called on first by the teacher. But Kara was first. She held up a sand dollar. Jimmy's eyes grew big.

"I found this on the beach." Kara said. "It's interesting. The little holes that make the sand dollar look like a flower are breathing holes. See all the needles? They help the sand dollar move and dig into the sand."

Jimmy was a little uneasy. Oh, well, he still had his rock and shark tooth.

Then Mark stood up. "This is my favorite rock, called pumice (浮石)." Then Mark dropped the rock into a glass of water. "Look! Pumice is the only rock that floats!"

Jimmy put up his hand and waved, but the teacher called on Justin instead.

"I found this shark tooth in Hawaii last Christmas." Justin said.

The class was excited, but Jimmy lowered his head.

"Sharks have rows of teeth. Every time a shark loses a tooth, another one takes its place." Justin passed the tooth around.

Jimmy heard the teacher call him. He stood on one foot and then the other. "Well, ah, see... my treasure box is interesting! It was just a piece of wood until Dad and I cut it into pieces and finally made a box out of it. It smells good, reminding us of camping."

"What's inside?" asked Lisa.

Jimmy opened his box. "A sand dollar, a piece of pumice and a shark tooth."

His classmates' mouths dropped open. The teacher looked at the objects in the box and smiled. "Now that's interesting!" he said.

- ( ) 43. On the Sharing Day Jimmy.
- A. bought a treasure box to hold his interesting things
- B. enjoyed the things others brought to the class
- C. waited patiently to be called on by his teacher
- D. wished to be the first to share his possessions

- ( ) 45. Who shared with the class a rock that floats?
- B. Kara.
- C. Justin.

- ( ) 44. What does a sand dollar look like according to Kara?
- A. A hole. B. A needle.
- D. A tooth.
- ( ) 46. How did Jimmy's classmates feel when they saw the things in his box?
- A. Lisa.
- A. Disappointed.
- D. Mark.
- C. Anxious.
- B. Surprised.
- D. Uneasy.

Nineteen-year-old Melissa Goza couldn't figure out why she failed to get a bank card time and time again. It only became clear when she was unsuccessful while looking for a new job in a Target store: Three different people are using her Social Security number (社会保障号).

Target is one of the companies using credit (信用) reports when hiring new workers. At least one credit report didn't favor Goza in getting the job. A very low credit rate (评价) was under Goza's Social Security number. Target, as required by law, told Goza why the company couldn't offer her the job.

Sacramento lawyer Jennifer Shaw, a specialist in workplace law, says credit reports are just one more way employers use to find dishonest job seekers. "I think we need to know that, right now? there's more information out there. And that means, there's more information that can be used against us," said Shaw.

Goza's dark cloud may, however, have a *silver lining*. Target told her she'd be considered again for the job if she could get a letter from the Social Security Department proving that she's the right owner of the Social Security number.

Now that Goza knows she's suffered from other people's wrongdoings, she will order copies of her credit reports to see what she can do to put things right.

- ( ) 47. What do we know about Goza?
- A. She got the job from Target.
- B. She has had three bad friends.
- C. She doesn't have a bank card yet.
- D. She was not honest with Target.

- ( ) 48. What did Target first do when refusing to offer Goza the job?
- A. They asked her for credit reports.
- B. They told her why she couldn't get the job.
- C. They found out her wrongdoings.
- D. They reported it to the Social Security Department.

： ( )49. What does“a silver lining” in Paragraph 4 probably mean?  
： A. A hopeful future. B. A bank report.  
： C. An official letter. D. A Social Security number.  
■  
： ( )50. What does Goza have to do next?  
： A. Clear up her wrong credit reports.  
： B. Get a new Social Security number.  
： C. Find a job in another company.  
駁 D. Apply for a new bank card.  
她

任 第二部分非选择题(45 分)

館 I 得分 I 评卷人

：-----五、补全对话：共 5 句；每句满分为 3 分，共 15 分。

：  
：  
：  
1 根据中文提示，把对话中缺少的内容写在线上。这些句子必须符合英语表达习惯。打句  
号的地方，用陈述句；打问号的地方，用疑问句。

： 提示:李明打电话给 David,邀请他下星期日去博物馆看展览。

： (L=Li Ming; D= David)

： L: Hello.This is Li Ming speaking.May I speak to David?

： D: 51 .What's up,Li Ming?

： L: What are you going to do next Sunday?

■ D: Nothing much.Do you have any ideas ?

L: Bus 202 will take you there.

D: Good. 54 ,then?

： L: 52 ? There's a Russian oil painting exhibition there.

： D: Good idea! 53 ?

L: Let's meet just at the gate of the museum.

D: 55 ?

L: Half past nine.

D: All right.See you then.

得分评卷人

-----六、书面表达：满分 30 分。

假设你是李华，写邮件邀请你的留学生朋友 Tim 到你家一起过中秋。邮件的主要内容 包括：

1. 中秋节是中国的重要节日；
2. 家庭团圆、品尝月饼是节日传统；
3. 父母都很欢迎他，妈妈会准备美味佳肴。

注意：1. 词数应为 100 个左右

2. 生词：中秋节 the Mid-autumn Festival;传统 tradition

Dear Tim,

Looking forward to your coming.

Yours,

Li Hua

2019 年成人高等学校招生全国统一考试  
英语（高起点）试题参考答案

一、语音知识

1. C 2. A            3. A        4. D        5. A

二、词汇与语法知识

6. D 7. D            8. C        9. B        10. B        11. A        12. D        13. C        14. C

15. D 16. B            17. C        18. D        19. A        20. D

三、完形填空

21. D 22. C            23. D        24. B        25. A        26. B        27. C        28. A        29. B

30. D 31. A            32. C        33. D        34. C        35. A

四、阅读理解

36. D 37. C            38. B        39. D        40. C        41. C        42. D        43. D        44. C

45. D 46. B            47. C        48. B        49. A        50. A

五、补全对话

51. This is David  
52. How about going to the museum  
53. How can I get there  
54. Where shall we meet  
55. What time

六、书面表达

Dear Tim,

The Mid-autumn Festival is coming soon, and I am writing to invite you to spend the festival with my family. It is one of the most important traditional festivals in China. On this special day, people usually try their best to return home to gather with their family. Having a reunion dinner, eating moon cakes, appreciating the full moon together and enjoying some classic Chinese poems are all the traditions of this festival. My mum will set the table with all kinds of delicacy and my parents both want you to join us that day. We would feel much happier if you can come.

Looking forward to your coming.

Yours,

Li Hua